Water Smart Gardening

Smart Water Goal - To reduce the amount of water used by the garden and lost from the garden while maximising ALL the environmental and health benefits that water delivers.

Water is a precious and transient resource that always wants to leave our gardens to continue its journey in the water cycle. Our gardens need water to thrive, be productive and provide habitat for local fauna. Being water smart means using the least amount of water to achieve the maximum outcome for the environment, personal health and a beautiful garden.

Top Ten Water Smart Gardening Tips

- Redesign your garden with the Smart Water Goal in mind
- 2. Mulch Mulch Mulch
- Choose plants that have adapted to hot / dry climates (leaves that are small, spiky, strappy, furry or waxy and blue, grey or silver in colour)
- 4. Water during the morning to the root zone; less often but more thoroughly
- 5. Improve your soil add organic matter
- 6. Install low water usage drip irrigation
- 7. Harvest and store water when it rains
- 8. Reuse grey water safely
- Create favourable micro-climates
- 10. Zone plants for water and heat needs





Preparing for a Heat Event

- · Water early in the morning
- Water deeply at the root zone
- Make sure wicking beds are full
- Add seaweed solution when watering
- Mulch any exposed soil
- Shade vulnerable plants
 - Shade cloth
 - Old cotton sheets
 - Move pots into the shade
- Water pots a couple of times a day
- Place pots in a saucer of water
- Look after yourself slip/slop/slap/slurp
- If plants have been severely effected
 - Soak pots in a bucket of water
 - Water with seaweed solution
 - Prune burnt leaves when weather cools







